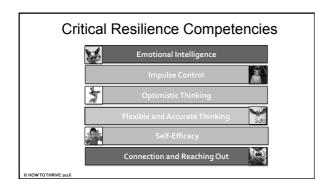




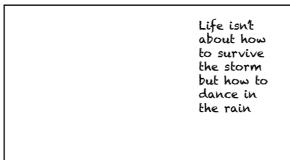
Protective Factors of Resilience in Youth					
Child	Family	Other Relationships	Community		
Strong cognitive abilities	Close relationships	Close relationship with competent, care adult	Effective schools		
Effective problem solving	Caring adults Pro-social peer relationships		Ties to pro-social organisations		
Strong attentional skills	Authoritative parenting		Good neighborhoods		
Self-efficacy, positive self perceptions	Low parental discord		Public safety		
Appealing, attractive	Organized home environment		Good emergency social services		
Faith, sense of meaning	Post secondary education of parents		Good public health and health care availability		
Optimism	Parents with qualities listed under "child"				
Self-regulation and impulse control	Parental involvement in education and social life				
Valued talents	Socio economic advantages				

Protective Factors of Resilience in Youth				
Child	Family	Other Relationships	Community	
Strong cognitive abilities	Close relationships	Close relationship with competent, care adult	Effective schools	
Effective problem solving	Caring adults Pro-social peer relationships		Ties to pro-social organisations	
Strong attentional skills	Authoritative parenting		Good neighborhoods	
Self-efficacy, positive self perceptions	Low parental discord		Public safety	
Appealing, attractive	Organized home environment		Good emergency social services	
Faith, sense of meaning	Post secondary education of parents		Good public health and health care availability	
Optimism	Parents with qualities listed under "child"			
Self-regulation and impulse control	Parental involvement in education and social life			
Valued talents	Socio economic advantages			
O d				



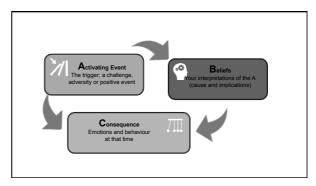
Is it about being happy all the time?

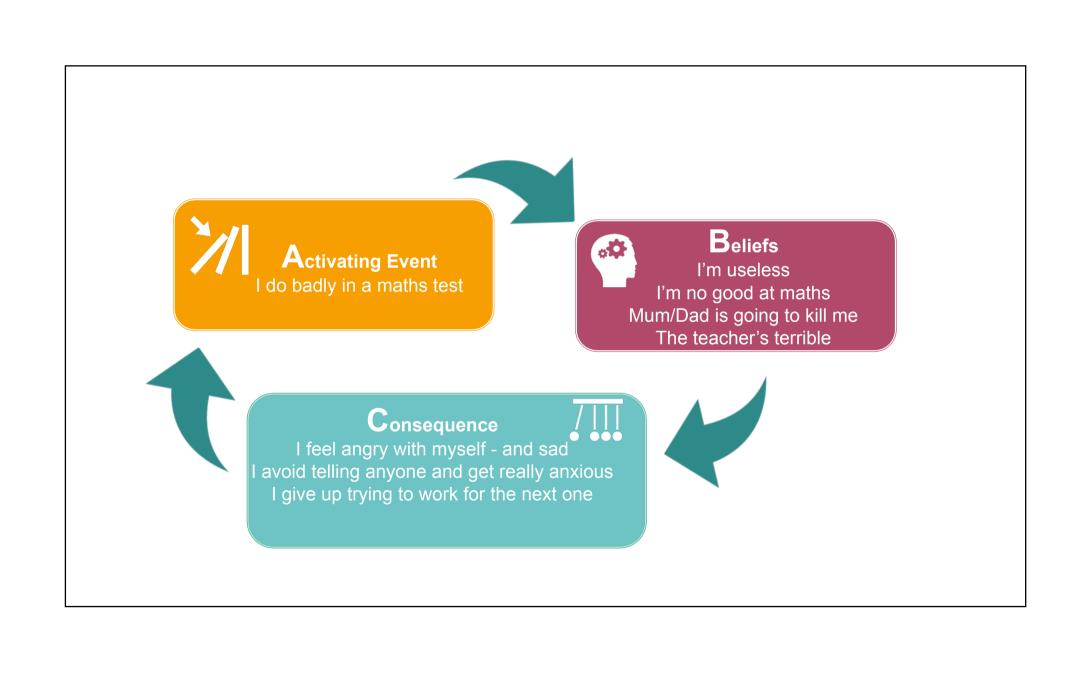
Warning!

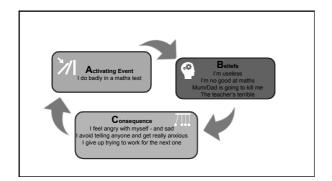






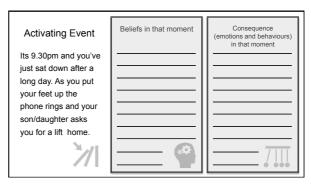


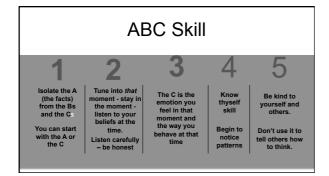














# **ABC Skill**

1 2 3 4 5

Isolate the A (the facts) from the Bs and the Cs

You can start with the A or the C

Tune into that moment - stay in the moment listen to your beliefs at the time.

Listen carefully

– be honest

The C is the emotion you feel in that moment and the way you behave at that time

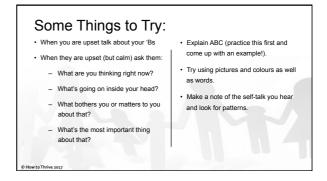
Know thyself skill

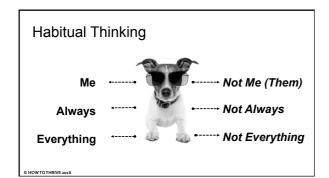
Begin to notice patterns

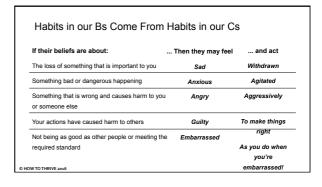
Be kind to yourself and others.

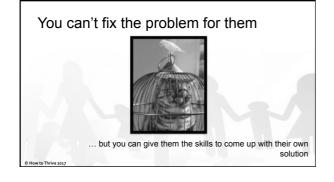
Don't use it to tell others how to think.

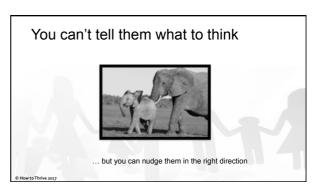
Some Things to Try				
Baby and Toddl	er	Our Own Resilience		
Early School Ye	ars	Modelling, Praising, Failing		
Teenagers (10 -	- 14)	Teaching Skills		
Young Adults (1	4+)	Talking and Learning from Experience!		
© How to Thrive 2017				





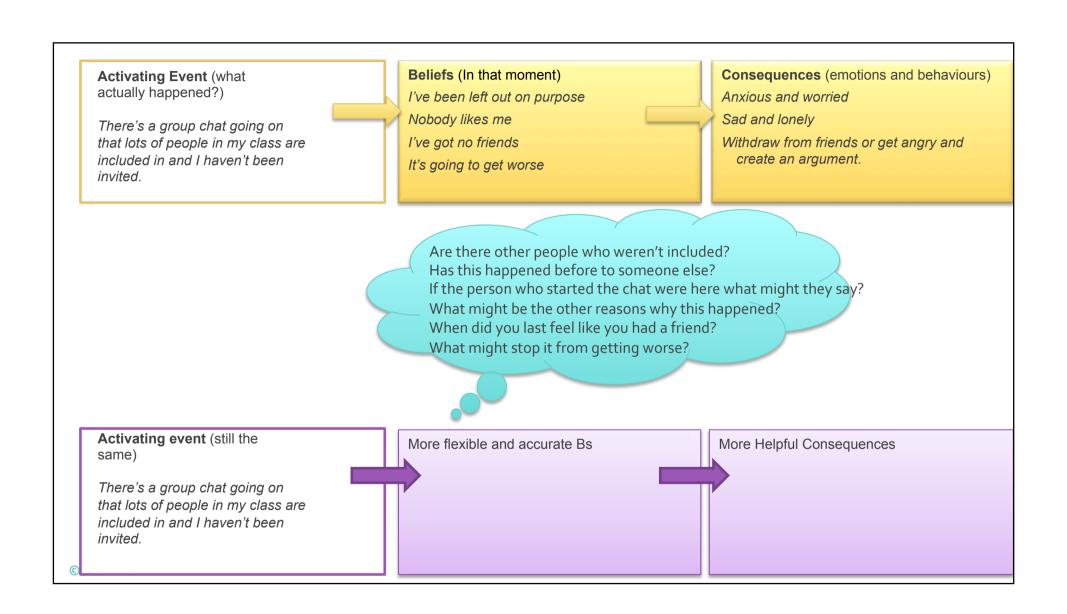






### Habits in our Bs Come From Habits in our Cs

If their beliefs are about:	Then they may feel	and act
The loss of something that is important to you	Sad	Withdrawn
Something bad or dangerous happening	Anxious	Agitated
Something that is wrong and causes harm to you or someone else	J Angry	Aggressively
Your actions have caused harm to others	Guilty	To make things
Not being as good as other people or meeting th	e <b>Embarrassed</b>	right
required standard		As you do when
		you're
HOW TO THRIVE 2016		embarrassed!



## Some Things to Try:

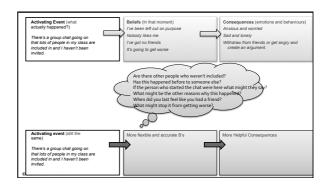
- When you are upset talk about your 'Bs
- When they are upset (but calm) ask them:
  - What are you thinking right now?
  - What's going on inside your head?
  - What bothers you or matters to you about that?
  - What's the most important thing about that?

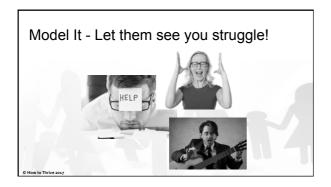
- Explain ABC (practice this first and come up with an example!).
- Try using pictures and colours as well as words.
- Make a note of the self-talk you hear and look for patterns.

© How to Thrive 2017

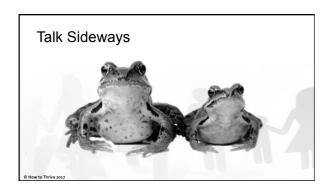
#### Nudging

- Encourage flexible and accurate thinking
   Suggest they seek perspective of others.
- Imagine the opposite of what they believe to be true and then look for the evidence.
- Challenge them to think of one reason why their belief might be
- Encourage them to write the belief down it creates distance.
- Suggest they put themself in someone else's place.
- Be neutral avoid moral judgments.











## Nudging

Encourage flexible and accurate thinking

- Suggest they seek perspective of others.
- Imagine the opposite of what they believe to be true and then look for the evidence.
- Challenge them to think of one reason why their belief might be wrong.
- Encourage them to write the belief down it creates distance.
- Suggest they put themself in someone else's place.
- Be neutral avoid moral judgments.

### Resources

#### Websites:

www.howtothrive.org (Emotional Resilience and Wellbeing)

www.positivepsychology.org (Literature)

www.authentichappiness.sas.upenn.edu (Questionnaires)

www.mindfulnessinschools.org (Mindfulness)

www.viacharacter.org (Character Strengths)

#### Books:

The Optimistic Child – Martin Seligman

Flourishing - Martin Seligman

Mindfulness Finding Peace in a Frantic World – Mark Williams

The How of Happiness – Sonja Lyubomirsky

Positivity - Barbara Fredrickson

Aging Well - George E. Vaillant

Mindset - Carol Dweck

Happiness by Design - Paul Dolan



### www.howtothrive.org

Twitter: @howtothrive

Facebook: howtothrive1

0330 133 0776

info@howtothrive.org

Raising a Resilient Child

© How to Thrive 2017